

Product datasheet for **RC201765L2V**

p21 (CDKN1A) (NM_078467) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	p21 (CDKN1A) (NM_078467) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	p21
Synonyms:	CAP20; CDKN1; CIP1; MDA-6; P21; p21CIP1; SDI1; WAF1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_078467
ORF Size:	492 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201765).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_078467.1
RefSeq Size:	2122 bp
RefSeq ORF:	495 bp
Locus ID:	1026
UniProt ID:	P38936
Cytogenetics:	6p21.2
Domains:	CDI
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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Protein Pathways:	Bladder cancer, Cell cycle, Chronic myeloid leukemia, ErbB signaling pathway, Glioma, Melanoma, p53 signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer
MW:	18.1 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>This gene encodes a potent cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor. The encoded protein binds to and inhibits the activity of cyclin-cyclin-dependent kinase2 or -cyclin-dependent kinase4 complexes, and thus functions as a regulator of cell cycle progression at G1. The expression of this gene is tightly controlled by the tumor suppressor protein p53, through which this protein mediates the p53-dependent cell cycle G1 phase arrest in response to a variety of stress stimuli. This protein can interact with proliferating cell nuclear antigen, a DNA polymerase accessory factor, and plays a regulatory role in S phase DNA replication and DNA damage repair. This protein was reported to be specifically cleaved by CASP3-like caspases, which thus leads to a dramatic activation of cyclin-dependent kinase2, and may be instrumental in the execution of apoptosis following caspase activation. Mice that lack this gene have the ability to regenerate damaged or missing tissue. Multiple alternatively spliced variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]</p>