

Product datasheet for **RC201617L3V**

IFITM1 (NM_003641) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	IFITM1 (NM_003641) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	IFITM1
Synonyms:	9-27; CD225; DSPA2a; IFI17; LEU13
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003641
ORF Size:	375 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201617).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_003641.2
RefSeq Size:	733 bp
RefSeq ORF:	378 bp
Locus ID:	8519
UniProt ID:	P13164
Cytogenetics:	11p15.5
Domains:	CD225
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways: B cell receptor signaling pathway

MW: 13.9 kDa

Gene Summary: IFN-induced antiviral protein which inhibits the entry of viruses to the host cell cytoplasm, permitting endocytosis, but preventing subsequent viral fusion and release of viral contents into the cytosol. Active against multiple viruses, including influenza A virus, SARS coronavirus (SARS-CoV), Marburg virus (MARV), Ebola virus (EBOV), Dengue virus (DENV), West Nile virus (WNV), human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) and hepatitis C virus (HCV). Can inhibit: influenza virus hemagglutinin protein-mediated viral entry, MARV and EBOV GP1,2-mediated viral entry and SARS-CoV S protein-mediated viral entry. Also implicated in cell adhesion and control of cell growth and migration. Plays a key role in the antiproliferative action of IFN-gamma either by inhibiting the ERK activation or by arresting cell growth in G1 phase in a p53-dependent manner. Acts as a positive regulator of osteoblast differentiation. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]