

Product datasheet for RC201550L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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TAF9 (NM_003187) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TAF9 (NM 003187) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TAF9

Synonyms: MGC:5067; STAF31/32; TAF2G; TAFII-31; TAFII-32; TAFII32; TAFIID32

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 003187

ORF Size: 792 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201550).

Sequence:

Domains:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 003187.4</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1245 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 795 bp

 Locus ID:
 6880

 UniProt ID:
 Q16594

 Cytogenetics:
 5q13.2

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

TFIID-31





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Protein Pathways: Basal transcription factors

MW: 29 kDa

Gene Summary: Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70

polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the smaller subunits of TFIID that binds to the basal transcription factor GTF2B as well as to several transcriptional activators such as p53 and VP16. In human, TAF9 and AK6 (GeneID: 102157402) are two distinct genes that share 5' exons. A similar but distinct gene (TAF9L) has been found on the X chromosome and a pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 19. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]