

## Product datasheet for RC201548L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TIMP1 (NM\_003254) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** TIMP1 (NM\_003254) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TIMP1

Synonyms: CLGI; EPA; EPO; HCI; TIMP; TIMP-1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 003254

ORF Size: 621 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201548).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 003254.2</u>

RefSeq Size: 931 bp
RefSeq ORF: 624 bp
Locus ID: 7076
UniProt ID: P01033
Cytogenetics: Xp11.3
Domains: NTR

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein





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MW: 23.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene belongs to the TIMP gene family. The proteins encoded by this gene family are natural inhibitors of the matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), a group of peptidases involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix. In addition to its inhibitory role against most of the known MMPs, the encoded protein is able to promote cell proliferation in a wide range of cell types, and may also have an anti-apoptotic function. Transcription of this gene is highly inducible in response to many cytokines and hormones. In addition, the expression from some but not all inactive X chromosomes suggests that this gene inactivation is polymorphic in human females. This gene is located within intron 6 of the synapsin I gene and is transcribed in the opposite direction. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]