

## Product datasheet for RC201399L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## HSBP1 (NM\_001537) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: HSBP1 (NM 001537) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: HSBP1

Synonyms: NPC-A-13

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM 001537

ORF Size: 228 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201399).

Sequence:

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 001537.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1989 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 231 bp

 Locus ID:
 3281

 UniProt ID:
 075506

Cytogenetics: 16q23.3

**Protein Families:** Transcription Factors

**MW:** 8.5 kDa







## **Gene Summary:**

The heat-shock response is elicited by exposure of cells to thermal and chemical stress and through the activation of HSFs (heat shock factors) results in the elevated expression of heat-shock induced genes. Heat shock factor binding protein 1 (HSBP1), is a 76-amino-acid protein that binds to heat shock factor 1(HSF1), which is a transcription factor involved in the HS response. During HS response, HSF1 undergoes conformational transition from an inert non-DNA-binding monomer to active functional trimers. HSBP1 is nuclear-localized and interacts with the active trimeric state of HSF1 to negatively regulate HSF1 DNA-binding activity. Overexpression of HSBP1 in mammalian cells represses the transactivation activity of HSF1. When overexpressed in C.elegans HSBP1 has severe effects on survival of the animals after thermal and chemical stress consistent with a role of HSBP1 as a negative regulator of heat shock response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]