

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Product datasheet for RC201275L2V

## COMT (NM\_000754) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	
	COMT (NM_000754) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	COMT
Synonyms:	HEL-S-98n
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_000754
ORF Size:	546 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201275).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 000754.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	2304 bp
RefSeq ORF:	816 bp
Locus ID:	1312
UniProt ID:	<u>P21964</u>
Cytogenetics:	22q11.21
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Metabolic pathways, Tyrosine metabolism



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	COMT (NM_000754) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC201275L2V
MW:	20 kDa
Gene Summary:	Catechol-O-methyltransferase catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S- adenosylmethionine to catecholamines, including the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine. This O-methylation results in one of the major degradative pathways of the catecholamine transmitters. In addition to its role in the metabolism of endogenous substances, COMT is important in the metabolism of catechol drugs used in the treatment of hypertension, asthma, and Parkinson disease. COMT is found in two forms in tissues, a soluble form (S-COMT) and a membrane-bound form (MB-COMT). The differences between S-COMT and MB-COMT reside within the N-termini. Several transcript variants are formed through the use of alternative translation initiation sites and promoters. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008]

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