

## Product datasheet for RC201222L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## PLAUR (NM\_002659) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** PLAUR (NM\_002659) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PLAUR

Synonyms: CD87; U-PAR; UPAR; URKR

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_002659 **ORF Size:** 1005 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

OTI Disclaimer:

, 003 Sp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201222).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002659.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1570 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1008 bp

 Locus ID:
 5329

 UniProt ID:
 Q03405

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.31

Domains: LU

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein





## PLAUR (NM\_002659) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC201222L2V

**Protein Pathways:** Complement and coagulation cascades

**MW:** 37 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes the receptor for urokinase plasminogen activator and, given its role in

localizing and promoting plasmin formation, likely influences many normal and pathological processes related to cell-surface plasminogen activation and localized degradation of the

extracellular matrix. It binds both the proprotein and mature forms of urokinase

plasminogen activator and permits the activation of the receptor-bound pro-enzyme by plasmin. The protein lacks transmembrane or cytoplasmic domains and may be anchored to the plasma membrane by a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol (GPI) moiety following cleavage of the nascent polypeptide near its carboxy-terminus. However, a soluble protein is also

produced in some cell types. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. The proprotein experiences several post-translational cleavage

reactions that have not yet been fully defined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]