

## Product datasheet for **RC201215L3V**

### Cathepsin S (CTSS) (NM\_004079) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Cathepsin S (CTSS) (NM_004079) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Cathepsin S
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_004079
ORF Size:	993 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201215).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_004079.3</a>
RefSeq Size:	4107 bp
RefSeq ORF:	996 bp
Locus ID:	1520
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P25774</a>
Cytogenetics:	1q21.3
Domains:	Pept_C1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protease
Protein Pathways:	Antigen processing and presentation, Lysosome



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**MW:** 37.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The preproprotein encoded by this gene, a member of the peptidase C1 family, is a lysosomal cysteine proteinase that participates in the degradation of antigenic proteins to peptides for presentation on MHC class II molecules. The mature protein cleaves the invariant chain of MHC class II molecules in endolysosomal compartments and enables the formation of antigen-MHC class II complexes and the proper display of extracellular antigenic peptides by MHC-II. The mature protein also functions as an elastase over a broad pH range. When secreted from cells, this protein can remodel components of the extracellular matrix such as elastin, collagen, and fibronectin. This gene is implicated in the pathology of many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases and, given its elastase activity, plays a significant role in some pulmonary diseases. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2020]