

## Product datasheet for RC201151L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Integrin alpha 5 (ITGA5) (NM 002205) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Integrin alpha 5 (ITGA5) (NM 002205) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Integrin alpha 5

Synonyms: CD49e; FNRA; VLA-5; VLA5A

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_002205 **ORF Size:** 3147 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

31 17 bp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC201151).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002205.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4267 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3150 bp

 Locus ID:
 3678

 UniProt ID:
 P08648

Cytogenetics: 12q13.13

Domains: FG-GAP

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane





## Integrin alpha 5 (ITGA5) (NM\_002205) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC201151L4V

Protein Pathways: Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Dilated cardiomyopathy, ECM-

receptor interaction, Focal adhesion, Hematopoietic cell lineage, Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy (HCM), Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

**MW:** 114.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The product of this gene belongs to the integrin alpha chain family. Integrins are

heterodimeric integral membrane proteins composed of an alpha subunit and a beta subunit

that function in cell surface adhesion and signaling. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate light and heavy chains that comprise the alpha 5 subunit. This subunit associates with the beta 1 subunit to form a fibronectin receptor. This integrin may promote tumor invasion, and higher expression of this gene may be correlated with shorter survival time in lung cancer patients. Note that the integrin alpha 5 and integrin

alpha V subunits are encoded by distinct genes. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]