

Product datasheet for RC200960L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Zyxin (ZYX) (NM_001010972) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Zyxin (ZYX) (NM_001010972) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ZYX

Synonyms: ESP-2; HED-2

Mammalian Cell

Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001010972

ORF Size: 1716 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200960).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001010972.1

Focal adhesion

 RefSeq Size:
 2322 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1719 bp

 Locus ID:
 7791

 UniProt ID:
 015942

Cytogenetics: 7q34

Protein Pathways:

MW: 61.3 kDa







Gene Summary:

Focal adhesions are actin-rich structures that enable cells to adhere to the extracellular matrix and at which protein complexes involved in signal transduction assemble. Zyxin is a zinc-binding phosphoprotein that concentrates at focal adhesions and along the actin cytoskeleton. Zyxin has an N-terminal proline-rich domain and three LIM domains in its C-terminal half. The proline-rich domain may interact with SH3 domains of proteins involved in signal transduction pathways while the LIM domains are likely involved in protein-protein binding. Zyxin may function as a messenger in the signal transduction pathway that mediates adhesion-stimulated changes in gene expression and may modulate the cytoskeletal organization of actin bundles. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same isoform. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]