

Product datasheet for **RC200688L4V**

HIST2H2AA4 (H2AC19) (NM_001040874) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	HIST2H2AA4 (H2AC19) (NM_001040874) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	H2AC19
Synonyms:	H2A/R; H2AC18; HIST2H2AA4
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001040874
ORF Size:	390 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200688).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001040874.1 , NP_001035807.1
RefSeq Size:	534 bp
RefSeq ORF:	393 bp
Locus ID:	723790
UniProt ID:	Q6FI13
Cytogenetics:	1q21.2
Protein Pathways:	Systemic lupus erythematosus
MW:	14.1 kDa



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Gene Summary:

Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in a histone cluster on chromosome 1. This gene is one of four histone genes in the cluster that are duplicated; this record represents the telomeric copy. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]