

## Product datasheet for RC200622L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## AGPAT2 (NM\_001012727) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** AGPAT2 (NM\_001012727) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: AGPAT2

Synonyms: 1-AGPAT2; BSCL; BSCL1; LPAAB; LPAAT-beta

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_001012727

ORF Size: 738 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200622).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 001012727.1

 RefSeq Size:
 1480 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 741 bp

 Locus ID:
 10555

 UniProt ID:
 015120

**Cytogenetics:** 9q34.3

**Protein Families:** Transmembrane





## AGPAT2 (NM\_001012727) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC200622L4V

Protein Pathways: Ether lipid metabolism, Glycerolipid metabolism, Glycerophospholipid metabolism, Metabolic

pathways

MW: 27.3 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the 1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acyltransferase family. The

protein is located within the endoplasmic reticulum membrane and converts

lysophosphatidic acid to phosphatidic acid, the second step in de novo phospholipid biosynthesis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with congenital generalized lipodystrophy (CGL), or Berardinelli-Seip syndrome, a disease characterized by a near absence of adipose tissue and severe insulin resistance. Alternate transcriptional splice

variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]