

Product datasheet for **RC200606L2V**

SAPK4 (MAPK13) (NM_002754) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

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|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Lentiviral Particles |
| Product Name: | SAPK4 (MAPK13) (NM_002754) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle |
| Symbol: | MAPK13 |
| Synonyms: | MAPK-13; MAPK 13; p38delta; PRKM13; SAPK4 |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | None |
| Vector: | pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071) |
| Tag: | mGFP |
| ACCN: | NM_002754 |
| ORF Size: | 1095 bp |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence: | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200606). |
| OTI Disclaimer: | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info |
| OTI Annotation: | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. |
| RefSeq: | NM_002754.3 , NP_002745.1 |
| RefSeq Size: | 6348 bp |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1098 bp |
| Locus ID: | 5603 |
| UniProt ID: | O15264 |
| Cytogenetics: | 6p21.31 |
| Domains: | pkinese, TyrKc, S_TKc |
| Protein Families: | Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase |



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Protein Pathways: Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, GnRH signaling pathway, Leukocyte transendothelial migration, MAPK signaling pathway, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, VEGF signaling pathway

MW: 42.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. The encoded protein is a p38 MAP kinase and is activated by proinflammatory cytokines and cellular stress. Substrates of the encoded protein include the transcription factor ATF2 and the microtubule dynamics regulator stathmin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]