

Product datasheet for RC200598L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Glutathione Transferase zeta 1 (GSTZ1) (NM_145870) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Glutathione Transferase zeta 1 (GSTZ1) (NM_145870) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: GSTZ1

Synonyms: GSTZ1-1; MAAI; MAAID; MAI

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 145870

ORF Size: 648 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

Cytogenetics:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200598).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 145870.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1395 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 651 bp

 Locus ID:
 2954

 UniProt ID:
 043708

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

14q24.3





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Protein Pathways: Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450, Glutathione metabolism, Metabolic pathways,

Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450, Tyrosine metabolism

MW: 24.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the glutathione S-transferase (GSTs) super-family which encodes

multifunctional enzymes important in the detoxification of electrophilic molecules, including carcinogens, mutagens, and several therapeutic drugs, by conjugation with glutathione. This enzyme catalyzes the conversion of maleylacetoacetate to fumarylacetoacatate, which is one of the steps in the phenylalanine/tyrosine degradation pathway. Deficiency of a similar gene in mouse causes oxidative stress. Several transcript variants of this gene encode multiple

protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]