

Product datasheet for RC200593

MRPS12 (NM 033363) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name: MRPS12 (NM_033363) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Tag: Myc-DDK MRPS12 Symbol:

Synonyms: MPR-S12; MT-RPS12; RPMS12; RPS12; RPSM12

Vector: pCMV6-Entry (PS100001) E. coli Selection: Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)

Cell Selection: Neomycin

>RC200593 representing NM_033363 **ORF Nucleotide**

Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s) Sequence:

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC

GCCGCGATCGCC

ATGTCCTGGTCTGGCCTTCTCCATGGCCTCAACACGTCCCTAACTTGTGGCCCAGCTCTGGTTCCCCGGC TCTGGGCTACCTGCTCCATGGCTACCCTGAACCAGATGCACCGCCTGGGGCCCCCCAAGCGGCCGCCTCG GAAGCTGGGCCCCACGGAAGGCCGCCGCAGCTGAAGGGTGTGGTCCTGTGCACGTTTACCCGCAAGCCG AAGAAGCCCAACTCAGCCAATCGCAAGTGCTGTCGAGTGCGGCTCAGCACTGGCCGCGAGGCCGTCTGCT TCATCCCTGGGGAGGCCACACCCTGCAGGAGCACCAGATTGTCCTTGTGGAGGGCGGCCGCACCCAGGA

CCTGCCAGGCGTCAAGCTCACCGTTGTGCGTGGCAAGTACGACTGTGGCCACGTGCAGAAGAAG

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT

ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA

>RC200593 representing NM_033363 **Protein Sequence:**

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MSWSGLLHGLNTSLTCGPALVPRLWATCSMATLNOMHRLGPPKRPPRKLGPTEGRPOLKGVVLCTFTRKP KKPNSANRKCCRVRLSTGREAVCFIPGEGHTLQEHQIVLVEGGRTQDLPGVKLTVVRGKYDCGHVQKK

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-Mlul



OriGene Technologies, Inc. 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200

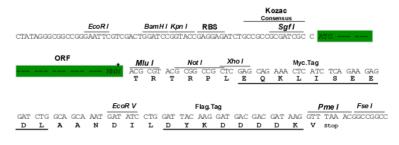
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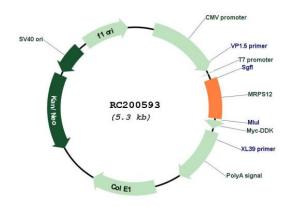
Cloning Scheme:





^{*} The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

Plasmid Map:



ACCN: NM_033363

ORF Size: 414 bp

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

MRPS12 (NM_033363) Human Tagged ORF Clone - RC200593

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method: 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 033363.1, NP 203527.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 991 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 417 bp

 Locus ID:
 6183

 UniProt ID:
 015235

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.2

Domains: Ribosomal_S12

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

MW: 12.1 kDa

Gene Summary: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in

protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that

the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the

mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 28S subunit protein that belongs to the ribosomal protein S12P family. The encoded protein is a key component of the ribosomal small subunit and controls the decoding fidelity and susceptibility to aminoglycoside antibiotics. The gene for mitochondrial seryl-tRNA synthetase is located upstream and adjacent to this gene, and both genes are possible candidates for the autosomal dominant deafness gene (DFNA4). Splice variants that differ in the 5' UTR have been found for this gene; all three variants encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]