

Product datasheet for **RC200568L3V**

Integrin beta 4 binding protein (EIF6) (NM_002212) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Integrin beta 4 binding protein (EIF6) (NM_002212) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Integrin beta 4 binding protein
Synonyms:	b(2)gcn; CAB; eIF-6; EIF3A; ITGB4BP; p27(BBP); p27BBP
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002212
ORF Size:	735 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200568).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_002212.2
RefSeq Size:	1135 bp
RefSeq ORF:	738 bp
Locus ID:	3692
UniProt ID:	P56537
Cytogenetics:	20q11.22
Domains:	eIF6



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Protein Families: Druggable Genome

MW: 26.6 kDa

Gene Summary: Hemidesmosomes are structures which link the basal lamina to the intermediate filament cytoskeleton. An important functional component of hemidesmosomes is the integrin beta-4 subunit (ITGB4), a protein containing two fibronectin type III domains. The protein encoded by this gene binds to the fibronectin type III domains of ITGB4 and may help link ITGB4 to the intermediate filament cytoskeleton. The encoded protein, which is insoluble and found both in the nucleus and in the cytoplasm, can function as a translation initiation factor and prevent the association of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits. Multiple non-protein coding transcript variants and variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2012]