

Product datasheet for **RC200552L1V**

HYAL2 (NM_033158) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	HYAL2 (NM_033158) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	HYAL2
Synonyms:	LUCA2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_033158
ORF Size:	1419 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200552).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_033158.2
RefSeq Size:	2413 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1422 bp
Locus ID:	8692
UniProt ID:	Q12891
Cytogenetics:	3p21.31
Domains:	Glyco_hydro_56
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways: Glycosaminoglycan degradation, Metabolic pathways

MW: 53.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a weak acid-active hyaluronidase. The encoded protein is similar in structure to other more active hyaluronidases. Hyaluronidases degrade hyaluronan, one of the major glycosaminoglycans of the extracellular matrix. Hyaluronan and fragments of hyaluronan are thought to be involved in cell proliferation, migration and differentiation. Although it was previously thought to be a lysosomal hyaluronidase that is active at a pH below 4, the encoded protein is likely a GPI-anchored cell surface protein. This hyaluronidase serves as a receptor for the oncogenic virus Jaagsiekte sheep retrovirus. The gene is one of several related genes in a region of chromosome 3p21.3 associated with tumor suppression. This gene encodes two alternatively spliced transcript variants which differ only in the 5' UTR. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]