

Product datasheet for **RC200537L3V**

Stanniocalcin 2 (STC2) (NM_003714) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Stanniocalcin 2 (STC2) (NM_003714) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Stanniocalcin 2
Synonyms:	STC-2; STCRP
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003714
ORF Size:	906 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200537).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_003714.2 , NP_003705.1
RefSeq Size:	5361 bp
RefSeq ORF:	909 bp
Locus ID:	8614
UniProt ID:	O76061
Cytogenetics:	5q35.2
Domains:	Stanniocalcin
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein


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MW: 33.2 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a secreted, homodimeric glycoprotein that is expressed in a wide variety of tissues and may have autocrine or paracrine functions. The encoded protein has 10 of its 15 cysteine residues conserved among stanniocalcin family members and is phosphorylated by casein kinase 2 exclusively on its serine residues. Its C-terminus contains a cluster of histidine residues which may interact with metal ions. The protein may play a role in the regulation of renal and intestinal calcium and phosphate transport, cell metabolism, or cellular calcium/phosphate homeostasis. Constitutive overexpression of human stanniocalcin 2 in mice resulted in pre- and postnatal growth restriction, reduced bone and skeletal muscle growth, and organomegaly. Expression of this gene is induced by estrogen and altered in some breast cancers. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]