

## Product datasheet for **RC200530L2V**

### Claudin 7 (CLDN7) (NM\_001307) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Claudin 7 (CLDN7) (NM_001307) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CLDN7
Synonyms:	CEPTRL2; claudin-1; CLDN-7; CPETRL2; Hs.84359
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001307
ORF Size:	633 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200530).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001307.3</a> , <a href="#">NP_001298.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	2029 bp
RefSeq ORF:	636 bp
Locus ID:	1366
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">O95471</a>
Cytogenetics:	17p13.1
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Tight junction



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**MW:** 22.4 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the claudin family. Claudins are integral membrane proteins and components of tight junction strands. Tight junction strands serve as a physical barrier to prevent solutes and water from passing freely through the paracellular space between epithelial or endothelial cell sheets, and also play critical roles in maintaining cell polarity and signal transductions. Differential expression of this gene has been observed in different types of malignancies, including breast cancer, ovarian cancer, hepatocellular carcinomas, urinary tumors, prostate cancer, lung cancer, head and neck cancers, thyroid carcinomas, etc.. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]