

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Product datasheet for RC200474L4V

## GATM (NM\_001482) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GATM (NM_001482) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GATM
Synonyms:	AGAT; AT; CCDS3; FRTS1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001482
ORF Size:	1269 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200474).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 001482.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	2602 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1272 bp
Locus ID:	2628
UniProt ID:	<u>P50440</u>
Cytogenetics:	15q21.1
Domains:	Amidinotransf
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

<b>GATM (NM_001482) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC200474L4V</b>		
Protein Pathways:	Arginine and proline metabolism, Glycine, serine and threonine metabolism, Metabolic pathways	
MW:	48.5 kDa	
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a mitochondrial enzyme that belongs to the amidinotransferase family. This enzyme is involved in creatine biosynthesis, whereby it catalyzes the transfer of a guanido group from L-arginine to glycine, resulting in guanidinoacetic acid, the immediate precursor of creatine. Mutations in this gene cause arginine:glycine amidinotransferase deficiency, an inborn error of creatine synthesis characterized by cognitive disability, language impairment, and behavioral disorders. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]	

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US