

Product datasheet for RC200425L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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RPL14 (NM_003973) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: RPL14 (NM_003973) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: RPL14

Synonyms: CAG-ISL-7; CTG-B33; hRL14; L14; RL14

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003973

ORF Size: 648 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200425).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003973.3, NP 003964.2

 RefSeq Size:
 875 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 648 bp

 Locus ID:
 9045

 UniProt ID:
 P50914

 Cytogenetics:
 3p22.1

Domains: Ribosomal_L14e, KOW

Protein Pathways: Ribosome





ORIGENE

MW: 23.5 kDa

Gene Summary:

Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L14E family of ribosomal proteins. It contains a basic region-leucine zipper (bZIP)-like domain. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. This gene contains a trinucleotide (GCT) repeat tract whose length is highly polymorphic; these triplet repeats result in a stretch of alanine residues in the encoded protein. Transcript variants utilizing alternative polyA signals and alternative 5'-terminal exons exist but all encode the same protein. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]