

Product datasheet for **RC200425L1V**

RPL14 (NM_003973) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	RPL14 (NM_003973) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	RPL14
Synonyms:	CAG-ISL-7; CTG-B33; hRL14; L14; RL14
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003973
ORF Size:	648 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200425).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_003973.3 , NP_003964.2
RefSeq Size:	875 bp
RefSeq ORF:	648 bp
Locus ID:	9045
UniProt ID:	P50914
Cytogenetics:	3p22.1
Domains:	Ribosomal_L14e, KOW
Protein Pathways:	Ribosome



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MW: 23.5 kDa

Gene Summary: Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein belongs to the L14E family of ribosomal proteins. It contains a basic region-leucine zipper (bZIP)-like domain. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. This gene contains a trinucleotide (GCT) repeat tract whose length is highly polymorphic; these triplet repeats result in a stretch of alanine residues in the encoded protein. Transcript variants utilizing alternative polyA signals and alternative 5'-terminal exons exist but all encode the same protein. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]