

## Product datasheet for RC200371L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## DDX5 (NM 004396) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type: Lentiviral Particles** 

**Product Name:** DDX5 (NM 004396) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

G17P1; HLR1; HUMP68; p68 Synonyms:

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Myc-DDK Tag: NM 004396 ACCN:

**ORF Size:** 1842 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence: OTI Disclaimer:

Domains:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200371).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 004396.2

RefSeq Size: 3769 bp RefSeq ORF: 1845 bp Locus ID: 1655 **UniProt ID:** P17844

Cytogenetics: 17q23.3 DEAD, helicase\_C

**Protein Pathways:** Spliceosome





**MW:** 69.1 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes a member of the DEAD box family of RNA helicases that are involved in a variety of cellular processes as a result of its role as an adaptor molecule, promoting interactions with a large number of other factors. This protein is involved in pathways that include the alteration of RNA structures, plays a role as a coregulator of transcription, a regulator of splicing, and in the processing of small noncoding RNAs. Members of this family contain nine conserved motifs, including the conserved Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp (DEAD) motif, important to ATP binding and hydrolysis as well as RNA binding and unwinding activities. Dysregulation of this gene may play a role in cancer development. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2017]