

## Product datasheet for **RC200308L1V**

### PSME3 (NM\_005789) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PSME3 (NM_005789) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PSME3
Synonyms:	HEL-S-283; Ki; PA28-gamma; PA28G; PA28gamma; REG-GAMMA
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_005789
ORF Size:	762 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200308).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_005789.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	3455 bp
RefSeq ORF:	765 bp
Locus ID:	10197
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P61289</a>
Cytogenetics:	17q21.31
Domains:	PA28_alpha, PA28_beta
Protein Families:	Stem cell - Pluripotency



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**Protein Pathways:** Antigen processing and presentation, Proteasome

**MW:** 29.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. The immunoproteasome contains an alternate regulator, referred to as the 11S regulator or PA28, that replaces the 19S regulator. Three subunits (alpha, beta and gamma) of the 11S regulator have been identified. This gene encodes the gamma subunit of the 11S regulator. Six gamma subunits combine to form a homohexameric ring. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012]