

Product datasheet for RC200292L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

ATP5G1 (ATP5MC1) (NM_005175) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ATP5G1 (ATP5MC1) (NM 005175) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ATP5MC1

Synonyms: ATP5A; ATP5G; ATP5G1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_005175

ORF Size: 408 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200292).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 005175.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 663 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 411 bp

 Locus ID:
 516

 UniProt ID:
 P05496

 Cytogenetics:
 17q21.32

 Domains:
 ATP-synt_C

Protein Families: Transmembrane





ATP5G1 (ATP5MC1) (NM_005175) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC200292L2V

Protein Pathways: Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative phosphorylation,

Parkinson's disease

MW: 14.3 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a subunit of mitochondrial ATP synthase. Mitochondrial ATP synthase

catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. ATP synthase is composed of two linked multisubunit complexes: the soluble catalytic core, F1, and the membrane-spanning component, Fo, comprising the proton channel. The catalytic portion of mitochondrial ATP synthase consists of 5 different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled with a stoichiometry of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The proton channel seems to have nine subunits (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, F6 and 8). This gene is one of three genes that encode subunit c of the proton channel. Each of the three genes have distinct mitochondrial import sequences but encode the identical mature protein. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]