

## Product datasheet for RC200289L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## ATG4B (NM\_013325) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ATG4B (NM\_013325) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ATG4B

Synonyms: APG4B; AUTL1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_013325 **ORF Size:** 1179 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

. . , , , , ,

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200289).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 013325.4

 RefSeq Size:
 2892 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1182 bp

 Locus ID:
 23192

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y4P1

 Cytogenetics:
 2q37.3

Domains: Peptidase\_C54

**Protein Families:** Protease





## ATG4B (NM\_013325) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC200289L2V

**Protein Pathways:** Regulation of autophagy

MW: 44.3 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are

destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]