

## Product datasheet for RC200271L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **GPAA1** (NM\_003801) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** GPAA1 (NM\_003801) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: GPAA1

**Synonyms:** GAA1; GPIBD15; hGAA1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_003801 **ORF Size:** 1863 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200271).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

**Domains:** 

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 003801.3

 RefSeq Size:
 2105 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1866 bp

 Locus ID:
 8733

 UniProt ID:
 043292

 Cytogenetics:
 8q24.3

**Protein Families:** Transmembrane

Gaa1





## GPAA1 (NM\_003801) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC200271L4V

**Protein Pathways:** Glycosylphosphatidylinositol(GPI)-anchor biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

**MW:** 67.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Posttranslational glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) anchor attachment serves as a general

mechanism for linking proteins to the cell surface membrane. The protein encoded by this gene presumably functions in GPI anchoring at the GPI transfer step. The mRNA transcript is ubiquitously expressed in both fetal and adult tissues. The anchor attachment protein 1 contains an N-terminal signal sequence, 1 cAMP- and cGMP-dependent protein kinase

phosphorylation site, 1 leucine zipper pattern, 2 potential N-glycosylation sites, and 8 putative

transmembrane domains. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]