

Product datasheet for **RC200258L4V**

B4GALT7 (NM_007255) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	B4GALT7 (NM_007255) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	B4GALT7
Synonyms:	EDSP1; EDSSLA; EDSSPD1; XGALT1; XGPT; XGPT1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_007255
ORF Size:	981 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200258).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_007255.1
RefSeq Size:	1747 bp
RefSeq ORF:	984 bp
Locus ID:	11285
UniProt ID:	Q9UBV7
Cytogenetics:	5q35.3
Domains:	Galactosyl_T_2
Protein Families:	Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways: Chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis, Heparan sulfate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

MW: 37.4 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) family. Family members encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose. Each beta4GalT member has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus which then remains uncleaved to function as a transmembrane anchor. The enzyme encoded by this gene attaches the first galactose in the common carbohydrate-protein linkage (GlcA-beta1,3-Gal-beta1,3-Gal-beta1,4-Xyl-beta1-O-Ser) found in proteoglycans. This enzyme differs from other beta4GalTs because it lacks the conserved Cys residues found in beta4GalT1-beta4GalT6 and it is located in cis-Golgi instead of trans-Golgi. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the progeroid form of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]