

Product datasheet for RC200258L3V

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B4GALT7 (NM_007255) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: B4GALT7 (NM 007255) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: B4GALT7

Synonyms: EDSP1; EDSSLA; EDSSPD1; XGALT1; XGPT; XGPT1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 007255

ORF Size: 981 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200258).

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 007255.1

 RefSeq Size:
 1747 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 984 bp

 Locus ID:
 11285

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UBV7

 Cytogenetics:
 5q35.3

Domains: Galactosyl_T_2
Protein Families: Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis, Heparan sulfate biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

MW: 37.4 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) family. Family

members encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose. Each beta4GalT member has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the

protein to the Golgi apparatus which then remains uncleaved to function as a

transmembrane anchor. The enzyme encoded by this gene attaches the first galactose in the common carbohydrate-protein linkage (GlcA-beta1,3-Gal-beta1,3-Gal-beta1,4-Xyl-beta1-O-Ser) found in proteoglycans. This enzyme differs from other beta4GalTs because it lacks the conserved Cys residues found in beta4GalT1-beta4GalT6 and it is located in cis-Golgi instead

of trans-Golgi. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the progeroid form of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]