

Product datasheet for RC200246L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

UGP2 (NM_001001521) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: UGP2 (NM_001001521) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: UGP2

Synonyms: DEE83; EIEE83; pHC379; SVUGP2; UDPG; UDPGP2; UGP1; UGPP1; UGPP2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_001001521

ORF Size: 1491 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200246).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001001521.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2129 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1494 bp

 Locus ID:
 7360

 UniProt ID:
 Q16851

 Cytogenetics:
 2p15

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





UGP2 (NM_001001521) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC200246L4V

Protein Pathways: Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism, Galactose metabolism, Metabolic pathways,

Pentose and glucuronate interconversions, Starch and sucrose metabolism

MW: 55.7 kDa

Gene Summary: The enzyme encoded by this gene is an important intermediary in mammalian carbohydrate

interconversions. It transfers a glucose moiety from glucose-1-phosphate to MgUTP and forms UDP-glucose and MgPPi. In liver and muscle tissue, UDP-glucose is a direct precursor of glycogen; in lactating mammary gland it is converted to UDP-galactose which is then converted to lactose. The eukaryotic enzyme has no significant sequence similarity to the prokaryotic enzyme. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for

this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]