

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Product datasheet for RC200230L2V

## ACOX1 (NM\_004035) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ACOX1 (NM_004035) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ACOX1
Synonyms:	ACOX; MITCH; PALMCOX; SCOX
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_004035
ORF Size:	1980 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200230).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 004035.6</u>
RefSeq Size:	7585 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1983 bp
Locus ID:	51
UniProt ID:	<u>Q15067</u>
Cytogenetics:	17q25.1
Domains:	ACOX, Acyl-CoA_dh
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US

<b>GRIGENE</b> ACOX1 (NM_004035) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC200230L2V	
Protein Pathways:	alpha-Linolenic acid metabolism, Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids, Fatty acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways, PPAR signaling pathway
MW:	74.7 kDa
Gene Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene is the first enzyme of the fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway, which catalyzes the desaturation of acyl-CoAs to 2-trans-enoyl-CoAs. It donates electrons directly to molecular oxygen, thereby producing hydrogen peroxide. Defects in this gene result in pseudoneonatal adrenoleukodystrophy, a disease that is characterized by accumulation of very long chain fatty acids. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

This product is to be used for laboratory only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use. ©2022 OriGene Technologies, Inc., 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200, Rockville, MD 20850, US