

Product datasheet for **RC200230L1V**

ACOX1 (NM_004035) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ACOX1 (NM_004035) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ACOX1
Synonyms:	ACOX; MITCH; PALMCOX; SCOX
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_004035
ORF Size:	1980 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200230).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_004035.6
RefSeq Size:	7585 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1983 bp
Locus ID:	51
UniProt ID:	Q15067
Cytogenetics:	17q25.1
Domains:	ACOX, Acyl-CoA_dh
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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Protein Pathways: alpha-Linolenic acid metabolism, Biosynthesis of unsaturated fatty acids, Fatty acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways, PPAR signaling pathway

MW: 74.7 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is the first enzyme of the fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway, which catalyzes the desaturation of acyl-CoAs to 2-trans-enoyl-CoAs. It donates electrons directly to molecular oxygen, thereby producing hydrogen peroxide. Defects in this gene result in pseudoneonatal adrenoleukodystrophy, a disease that is characterized by accumulation of very long chain fatty acids. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]