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Product datasheet for RC200045L4V

GIT2 (NM_139201) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GIT2 (NM_139201) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GIT2
Synonyms:	CAT-2; CAT2; PKL
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_139201
ORF Size:	1413 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200045).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 139201.1, NP 631940.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	2357 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1416 bp
Locus ID:	9815
Cytogenetics:	12q24.11
Domains:	ArfGap, ANK
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways:	Endocytosis



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	GIT2 (NM_139201) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC200045L4V
MW:	52.6 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a member of the GIT protein family, which interact with G protein-coupled receptor kinases and possess ADP-ribosylation factor (ARF) GTPase-activating protein (GAP) activity. GIT proteins traffic between cytoplasmic complexes, focal adhesions, and the cell periphery, and interact with Pak interacting exchange factor beta (PIX) to form large oligomeric complexes that transiently recruit other proteins. GIT proteins regulate cytoskeletal dynamics and participate in receptor internalization and membrane trafficking. This gene has been shown to repress lamellipodial extension and focal adhesion turnover, and is thought to regulate cell motility. This gene undergoes extensive alternative splicing to generate multiple isoforms, but the full-length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. The various isoforms have functional differences, with respect to ARF GAP activity and to G protein-coupled receptor kinase 2 binding. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008]

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