

## Product datasheet for RC200040L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Glutathione S Transferase theta 2 (GSTT2) (NM\_000854) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Glutathione S Transferase theta 2 (GSTT2) (NM\_000854) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

**Symbol:** GSTT2

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

None

Sciccion.

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 000854

ORF Size: 732 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200040).

Sequence:

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 000854.2</u>, <u>NP 000845.1</u>

RefSeq Size:1136 bpRefSeq ORF:735 bpLocus ID:2953

UniProt ID: POCG29
Cytogenetics: 22q11.23

**Domains:** GST\_N, GST\_C





## Glutathione S Transferase theta 2 (GSTT2) (NM\_000854) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC200040L1V

**Protein Pathways:** Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450, Glutathione metabolism, Metabolism of xenobiotics by

cytochrome P450

MW: 27.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene, glutathione S-transferase (GST) theta 2 (GSTT2), is a

member of a superfamily of proteins that catalyze the conjugation of reduced glutathione to a variety of electrophilic and hydrophobic compounds. Human GSTs can be divided into five main classes: alpha, mu, pi, theta, and zeta. The theta class includes GSTT1, GSTT2, and GSTT2B. GSTT2 and GSTT2B are nearly identical to each other, and share 55% amino acid identity with GSTT1. All three genes may play a role in human carcinogenesis. The GSTT2 gene

is a pseudogene in some populations. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]