

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

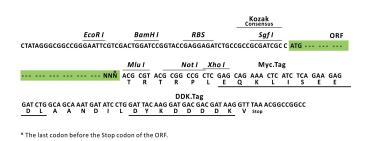
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Product datasheet for RC200022L1

Antizyme inhibitor 1 (AZIN1) (NM_015878) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Antizyme inhibitor 1 (AZIN1) (NM_015878) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	Antizyme inhibitor 1
Synonyms:	AZI; AZI1; AZIA1; OAZI; OAZIN; ODC1L
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC200022).
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-Mlul
Cloning Scheme:	
	Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:
	Sgf I ORF Mlu I GCG ATC GC C ATG // NNN ACG CGT



ACCN: ORF Size: NM_015878 1344 bp



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	yme inhibitor 1 (AZIN1) (NM_015878) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone – RC200022L1
OTI Disclaimer:	Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at <u>custsupport@origene.com</u> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.
	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method	 Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 015878.4</u>
RefSeq Size:	4385 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1347 bp
Locus ID:	51582
UniProt ID:	<u>014977</u>
Cytogenetics:	8q22.3
Domains:	Orn_Arg_deC_N
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
MW:	49.5 kDa

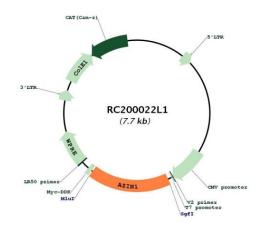
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CRIGENE Antizyme inhibitor 1 (AZIN1) (NM_015878) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone – RC200022L1

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the antizyme inhibitor family, which plays a role in cell growth and proliferation by maintaining polyamine homeostasis within the cell. Antizyme inhibitors are homologs of ornithine decarboxylase (ODC, the key enzyme in polyamine biosynthesis) that have lost the ability to decarboxylase ornithine; however, retain the ability to bind to antizymes. Antizymes negatively regulate intracellular polyamine levels by binding to ODC and targeting it for degradation, as well as by inhibiting polyamine uptake. Antizyme inhibitors function as positive regulators of polyamine levels by sequestering antizymes and neutralizing their effect. This gene encodes antizyme inhibitor 1, the first member of this gene family that is ubiquitously expressed, and is localized in the nucleus and cytoplasm. Overexpression of antizyme inhibitor 1 gene has been associated with increased proliferation, cellular transformation and tumorigenesis. Gene knockout studies showed that homozygous mutant mice lacking functional antizyme inhibitor 1 gene died at birth with abnormal liver morphology. RNA editing of this gene, predominantly in the liver tissue, has been linked to the progression of hepatocellular carcinoma. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

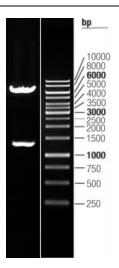
Product images:



Circular map for RC200022L1

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Double digestion of RC200022L1 using Sgfl and Mlul

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