

Product datasheet for R1106HRPS

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PGA5 Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Immunogen:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IHC, WB

Recommended Dilution: ELISA: 1/2,000-1/10,000.

Western blot: 1/500-1/2,500.

Pepsin from porcine stomach

Immunochemistry on Paraffin and Frozen sections: 1/250-1/1,250.

Reactivity: Porcine
Host: Goat

Isotype: IgG

Clonality: Polyclonal

Specificity: This antibody detects porcine Pepsin. Cross reactivity against Pepsin from other tissues and

species may occur but have not been specifically determined. Immunoelectrophoresis give a single precipitin arc against anti-biotin, anti-goat serum as well as purified and partially

purified Pepsin [porcine stomach].

Formulation: 0.02M Potassium phosphate, 0.15M Sodium chloride, pH 7.2

Label: HRP State: Purified

State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction

Stabilizer: 10 mg/ml BSA (immunoglobulin and protease free)

Preservative: 0.01% (w/v) Gentamicin sulfate (Do NOT add Sodium azide!)

Label: Horseradish peroxidase

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 0.1 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive

dialysis against the buffer

Conjugation: HRP

Storage: Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term.

After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in alignots) at -

20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.





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Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Database Link: Entrez Gene 396892 Pig

P00791

Background: Pepsin is a digestive enzyme with particularly broad specificity. It is stored as pepsinogen, so

only released when needed. In the stomach, chief cells release pepsinogen. The hormone gastrin and the vagus nerve trigger the release of both pepsinogen and HCl from the stomach lining when food is ingested. HCl creates an acidic environment which allows pepsinogen to unfold and cleave itself in an autocatalytic fashion, thereby generating pepsin (the active

form). Pepsin may then cleave the dietary proteins into smaller peptides.

Synonyms: Pepsin A, PGA, pepsinogen 3 group I, pepsinogen 4 group I, pepsinogen 5 group I, Pepsinogen

A, PGA3, PGA4, PGA5