

Product datasheet for R1085

G6PD Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Suitable for Immunoblotting (Western or Dot blot), ELISA, Conjugation and most immunological methods requiring high titer and specificity. <u>Recommended Dilutions:</u> This product has been assayed against 1.0 ug of Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase [Leuconostoc mesenteroides] in a standard sandwich ELISA using Peroxidase conjugated Affinity Purified anti-Goat IgG [H&L] (Goat) and ABTS (2,2'-azino-bis-[3-ethylbenthiozoline-6-sulfonic acid]) as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1:2,000 to 1:8,000 of the reconstitution concentration is suggested for this product.
Reactivity:	Leuconostoc
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase [Leuconostoc mesenteroides].
Specificity:	Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against purified and partially purified Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase [Leuconostoc mesenteroides]. Cross reactivity against Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase from other tissues and species may occur but have not been specifically determined.
Formulation:	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 with 0.01% sodium azide as preservative. State: Serum State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.
Reconstitution Method:	Restore with 2.0 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).
Concentration:	lot specific
Purification:	Prepared from monospecific antiserum by a delipidation and defibrination.
Conjugation:	Unconjugated



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Storage:	<p>Store vial at 2-8°C prior to restoration. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below.</p> <p>This product is stable for one month at 2-8°C as an undiluted liquid.</p> <p>Dilute only prior to immediate use.</p> <p>Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing.</p>
Stability:	<p>Shelf life: One year from despatch.</p>
Database Link:	<p>P11411</p>
Background:	<p>Glucose 6 Phosphate Dehydrogenase (G6PD) produces pentose sugars for nucleic acid synthesis and is the main producer of NADPH reducing power. Catalytic activity: D glucose 6 phosphate + NADP(+) = D glucono 1,5 lactone 6 phosphate + NADPH. Defects in G6PD are the cause of chronic non spherocytic haemolytic anemia (CNSHA). G6PD deficiency is the most common human enzyme deficiency; one benefit of having G6PD deficiency is that it confers a resistance to malaria.</p>
Synonyms:	<p>Glucose-6-phosphate 1-dehydrogenase, Glucose-6-P-Dehydrogenase</p>