

Product datasheet for R1076BS

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DNASE1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, IP, WB

Recommended Dilution: Western blot: 1/500-1/5,000.

Immunoprecitation: 1/100. **ELISA**: 1/5,000-1/20,000.

This product has been assayed against 1.0 μ g of Deoxyribonuclease 1 from bovine pancreas in a capture ELISA using peroxidase conjugated streptavidin and ABTS as a substrate for 30 minutes at room temperature. A working dilution of 1/2,000 to 1/8,000 of the reconstitution

concentration is suggested.

Reactivity: Bovine
Host: Rabbit
Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Deoxyribonuclease 1 from bovine pancreas

Specificity: This antibody detects bovine Deoxyribonuclease 1. Cross reactivity against

Deoxyribonuclease 1 from other tissues and species may occur but have not been specifically

determined.

Immunoelectrophoresisgive a single precipitin arc against anti-biotin, anti-rabbit serum as

well as purified and partially purified Deoxyribonuclease 1 from bovine pancreas.

Formulation: 0.02 M Potassium phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium chloride, pH 7.2

Label: Biotin State: Purified

State: Lyophilized IgG fraction

Stabilizer: 10 mg/ml BSA (immunoglobulin and protease free)

Preservative: 0.01% (w/V) Sodium azide

Reconstitution Method: Restore with 0.1 ml of deionized water (or equivalent).

Concentration: lot specific

Purification: Delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive

dialysis against the buffer

Conjugation: Biotin





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Storage: Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term.

After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -

20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: one year from despatch.

Database Link: Entrez Gene 282217 Bovine

P00639

Background: Deoxyribonuclease I (EC 3.1.21.1) gene is approximately 3.2 kb long with 9 exons separated

by 8 introns. In the form of a bovine pancreatic enzyme preparation, it occupies an important place in the history of protein chemistry and enzymology: it was the first enzyme to be recognized as specific for DNA; it was the first DNase to be crystallized; and it was the first

DNase for which a specific protein inhibitor was characterized.

DNase I is a Ca2+ and Mg2+ dependant endonuclease. DNase I is synthesized in the pancreas and stored in zymogen granules. It has been used to reduce the viscosity of cystic fibrosis sputum. A DNase I-like enzyme appears to catalyze the degradation of chromatin to oligoand mononucleosomes during apoptosis. A recent study has demonstrated an endonuclease with activity and antigenicity indistinguishable from DNase I in thymocytes, cells susceptible to apoptosis. DNase I is an endonuclease that hydrolyzes double-stranded or single stranded DNA preferentially at sites adjacent to pyrimidine nucleotides. The product of hydrolysis is a complex mixture of 5'-phosphate mononucleotides and oligonucleotides. In the presence of Mg ion, DNase I attacks each strand of DNA independently and the cleavage sites are

random.

Synonyms: DNASE1, DNL1, DRNI, Deoxyribonuclease I, DNase I