

## Product datasheet for R1038

### Collagen I (COL1A1) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

#### Product data:

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

**Applications:** ELISA, IHC, IP, WB

**Recommended Dilution:** Anti-Collagen antibodies have been used for indirect trapping ELISA for quantitation of antigen in serum using a standard curve, for Immunoprecipitation and for native (non-denaturing, non-dissociating) PAGE and western blotting for highly sensitive qualitative analysis.

Specific researchers have reported that this antibody is also functional by conventional SDS-PAGE Western blot. See References below for additional details.

*Recommended Dilutions:*

ELISA: 1/5,000-1/50,000.

Western blot: 1/1,000-1/10,000.

Immunoprecipitation: 1/100.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/50-1/200.

**Reactivity:** Bovine, Human, Mammalian, Mouse, Rat

**Host:** Rabbit

**Clonality:** Polyclonal

**Immunogen:** Collagen type I purified from Human and Bovine placenta.

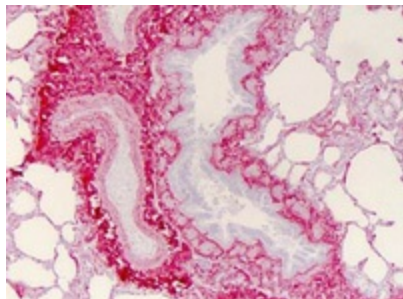
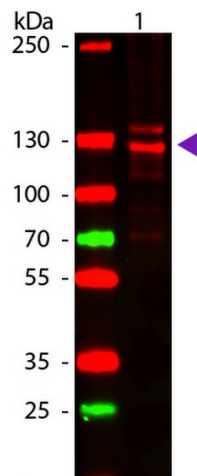
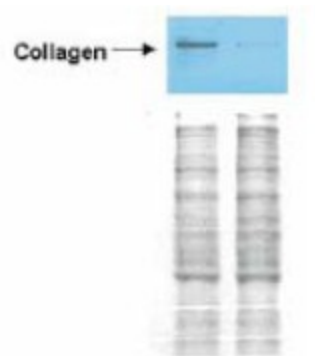
**Specificity:** This product has been prepared by Immunoaffinity Chromatography using immobilized antigens followed by extensive cross-adsorption against other collagens, Human serum proteins and non-collagen extracellular matrix proteins to remove any unwanted specificities. Typically less than 1% cross reactivity against other types of collagens was detected by ELISA against purified standards. Some class-specific anti-collagens may be specific for three-dimensional epitopes which may result in diminished reactivity with denatured collagen or formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded tissues.

This antibody reacts with most mammalian Type I Collagens and has negligible cross-reactivity with Type II, III, IV, V or VI collagens. Non-specific cross-reaction of anti-collagen antibodies with other Human serum proteins or non-collagen extracellular matrix proteins is negligible.



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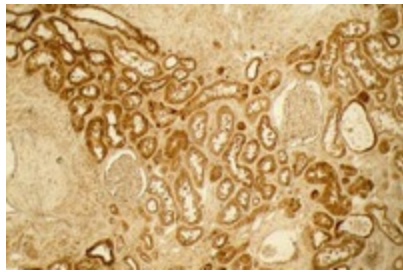
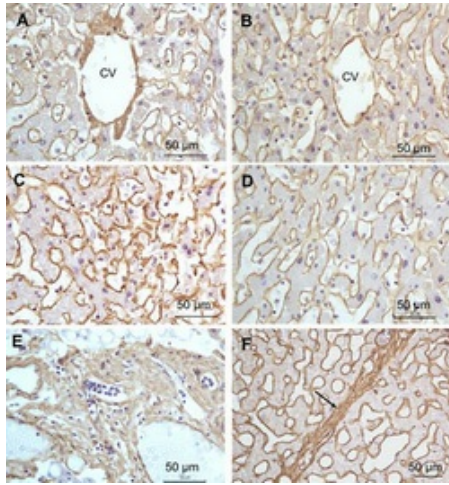
<b>Formulation:</b>	0.02 Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 State: Purified State: Liquid (sterile filtered) purified Ig fraction Stabilizer: None Preservative: 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
<b>Concentration:</b>	lot specific
<b>Purification:</b>	Immunoaffinity Chromatography
<b>Conjugation:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Storage:</b>	Store undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C for longer. For extended storage, mix with an equal volume of glycerol. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
<b>Stability:</b>	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
<b>Predicted Protein Size:</b>	150 kDa (Target)
<b>Gene Name:</b>	collagen type I alpha 1
<b>Database Link:</b>	<a href="#">Entrez Gene 1277 Human P02452</a>
<b>Background:</b>	Collagens are highly conserved throughout evolution and are characterized by an uninterrupted "Glycine-X-Y" triplet repeat that is a necessary part of the triple helical structure. For these reasons, it is often extremely difficult to generate antibodies with specificities to collagens. The development of type specific antibodies is dependent on NON-DENATURED three-dimensional epitopes. Collagens for immunization from human and bovine placenta and cartilage have been extensively purified by limited pepsin digestion and selective salt precipitation. This preparation results in a native conformation of the protein. Antibodies are isolated from rabbit antiserum and are extensively cross-adsorbed by immunoaffinity purification to produce 'type' specific antibodies. Greatly diminished reactivity and selectivity of these antibodies will result if denaturing and reducing conditions are used for SDS PAGE and immunoblotting.
<b>Synonyms:</b>	COL1A1, COL1A2, Alpha-1 type I collagen, Alpha-2 type I collagen
<b>Note:</b>	<b>Note:</b> Collagen type I consists of alpha-1 (139 kDa) and alpha-2 chains (129kDa). Since collagen type I is a triple helix consisting of one alpha-2 chain and two alpha-1 chains, one can expect bands of the dimeric (~270 kDa) and the trimeric form (~400 kDa). Remember that those chains are cross-linked and can't be broken by typical sample denaturation for SDS-PAGE.

**Product images:**


Western blot analysis is shown using Collagen type I antibody to detect expression of collagen I in Wistar rat hepatic stellate cells (HSC) in control (GFP-transduced) (left lane) and PPARgamma-transduced cell lysates (right lane). Protein staining shown below each blot depicts equal protein loading. An equal amount of the whole cell protein (100 ug) was separated by SDS-PAGE and electroblotted to nitrocellulose membranes. Proteins were detected by incubating the membrane with Collagen type I antibody at a concentration of 0.2-2 ug/10 ml in TBS (100 mM Tris-HCl, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.4) with 5% Non-fat milk. Detection occurred by incubation with a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody at 1 ug/10 ml. Proteins were detected by a chemiluminescent method using the PIERCE ECL kit (Amersham Biosciences). Other detection systems will yield similar results. See Hazra et al. (2004) for additional details.

Western Blot of Human Collagen Type I using Collagen I Antibody. Lane 1: Human Collagen Type 1. Lane 2: None. Load: 50 ng per lane. Primary antibody: Collagen Type I antibody at 1:1,000 overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: DyLight™ 649 rabbit secondary antibody at 1:20,000 for 30 min at RT. Block: MB-070 for 30 min at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 139 & 130 kDa, 139 & 130 kDa for Collagen Type I. Other Band (s): Collagen Type I splice variants and isoforms.

Immunohistochemistry of human lung tissue (Formalin-fixed, Paraffin-embedded) using Collagen type I antibody : Primary antibody (Collagen I) at 1:400, secondary antibody: Peroxidase goat anti-rabbit at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT; Localization: Strong staining was observed in the extracellular matrix of the lung. Epithelial cells were negative; Staining: Antibody as precipitated red signal with a hematoxylin purple nuclear counterstain.



Immunohistochemistry of a liver section (Formalin-fixed, Paraffin-embedded) using Collagen type I antibody. A: Central vein (CV) fibrosis, B: Non-fibrotic CV, C: Perisinusoidal fibrosis, D: Non-fibrotic area, E: Protat tract fibrosis, F: Septal fibrosis (arrow). Primary antibody: Collagen type I antibody at 1:1250 for 4°C for 24hr; Secondary antibody: Peroxidase biotin-streptavidin rabbit secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT; Localization: Collagen type I is intra- and extracellular; Staining: 3,3'-diaminobenzidine tetrahydrochloride was used as the chromogen. Nuclei were counterstained purple with hematoxylin.

Immunohistochemistry using affinity purified Collagen type I antibody at a 1/100 dilution to detect distal tubules in normal kidney tissue. Note the absence of staining of glomeruli. The antibody was reacted with antibody for 4 h RT followed by secondary antibody and substrate reaction. Tissue was Formalin-fixed and Paraffin embedded. No antigen retrieval was performed.