

Product datasheet for **PP1203B1**

BAFF (TNFSF13B) Goat Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Direct ELISA: To detect Human BAFF by Direct ELISA (using 100 µl/well antibody solution) this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.25-1.0 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, allows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant hBAFF. Sandwich ELISA: To detect Human BAFF by sandwich ELISA (using 100 µl/well antibody solution) this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.25-1.0 µg/ml. This biotinylated polyclonal antibody, in conjunction with Polyclonal Anti-Human BAFF (PP1203P) as a capture antibody, allows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human BAFF. Western Blot: To detect Human BAFF by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1- 0.2 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant Human BAFF is 1.5-3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Highly pure (>98%) E.coli derived recombinant Human BAFF.
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes Human BAFF. Other species not tested.
Formulation:	PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives. Label: Biotin State: Lyophilized (Sterile filtered) purified IgG fraction
Reconstitution Method:	Centrifuge vial prior to opening. Restore in sterile PBS containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.
Purification:	Affinity Chromatography
Conjugation:	Biotin



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Storage:	Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term. After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.
Gene Name:	tumor necrosis factor superfamily member 13b
Database Link:	Entrez Gene 10673 Human Q9Y275
Background:	<p>Members of the TNF superfamily regulate immune responses and induce apoptosis. A novel member in the TNF family was recently identified by several groups and designated BAFF (for B cell Activating Factor belonging to the TNF Family), BLYS (for B Lymphocyte Stimulator), TALL1 (for TNF- and ApoL- related Leukocyte-expressed Ligand), and THANK (for TNF Homologue that Activate Apoptosis, NFkB and c-jun N-terminal Kinase). BAFF/BLYS was characterized as a B cell stimulator since it induced B cell proliferation and immunoglobulin secretion. Two receptors for BAFF were recently identified and designated TACI and BCMA. BAFF also signals through a third TNF receptor BAFFR/BR3. BAFF and its receptors are involved in the development of systemic lupus erythaematosus and other B cell associated autoimmune diseases. Like TNFa and TRAIL, THANK was shown to activate NF-kB and c-jun N terminal kinase (JNK) and to induce apoptosis.</p> <p>The human BAFF gene codes for a 285 amino acid type II transmembrane protein containing a 46 amino acid cytoplasmic domain, a 21 amino acid transmembrane domain, and a 218 amino acid extracellular domain.</p>
Synonyms:	TNFSF13B, BLYS, TALL1, TNFSF20, ZTNF4