

Product datasheet for **PP1033P2**

IL11 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type:	Primary Antibodies
Applications:	ELISA, FN, WB
Recommended Dilution:	Neutralization: To yield one-half maximal inhibition [ND50] of the biological activity of hIL-11 (1.50 ng/ml), a concentration of 0.02-0.05 µg/ml of this antibody is required. Sandwich ELISA: To detect Human IL-11 by Sandwich ELISA (using 100 µl/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.5-2.0 µg/ml of this antibody is required. This antigen affinity purified antibody, in conjunction with Biotinylated anti IL11 antibody (PP1033B1 or PP1033B2) as a detection antibody, allows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant Human IL-11. Western Blot: To detect Human IL-11 by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of 0.1-0.2 µg/ml. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant hIL-11 is 1.5-3.0 ng/lane, under either reducing or non-reducing conditions.
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Immunogen:	Highly pure (>98%) E.coli-derived, 19.3 kDa Recombinant Human IL-11.
Specificity:	This antibody detects IL11.
Formulation:	PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives. State: Aff - Purified State: Lyophilized (sterile filtered) purified Ig fraction.
Reconstitution Method:	Restore in sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.
Purification:	Affinity Chromatography employing immobilized hIL-11 matrix
Conjugation:	Unconjugated
Storage:	Store lyophilized at 2-8°C for 6 months or at -20°C long term. After reconstitution store the antibody undiluted at 2-8°C for one month or (in aliquots) at -20°C long term. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Stability:	Shelf life: one year from despatch.



[View online »](#)

Gene Name: interleukin 11

Database Link: [Entrez Gene 3589 Human P20809](#)

Background: Interleukin 11 is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by mesenchymal-derived adherent cells. IL11 shares many functions of IL6 and LIF, including potentiation of megakaryocyte activity, enhancement of human myeloma cell proliferation, and enhancement of hepatic acute phase protein production. Interleukin 11 directly stimulates the proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells and megakaryocyte progenitor cells, and induces megakaryocyte maturation resulting in increased platelet production. Clinically it is used to prevent severe thrombocytopenia and the reduction of the need for platelet transfusion following myelosuppressive chemotherapy.

Synonyms: IL-11, Adipogenesis inhibitory factor, AGIF