

Product datasheet for PP002B1

Fgf9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Product data:

Product Type: Primary Antibodies

Applications: ELISA, WB Recommended Dilution: ELISA:

(Direct): To detect mFGF-9 by direct ELISA (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.25-1.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required. This biotinylated polyclonal antibody, in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents, allows the detection of at least

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0.2- 0.4 ng/well of recombinant mFGF-9.

(Sandwich): To detect mFGF-9 by sandwich ELISA (using 100 μ l/well antibody solution) a concentration of 0.25-1.0 μ g/ml of this antibody is required. This biotinylated polyclonal antibody, in conjunction with Polyclonal Anti-Murine FGF-9 (PP002P) as a capture antibody,

allows the detection of at least 0.2-0.4 ng/well of recombinant mFGF-9.

Western Blot:

To detect mFGF-9 by Western Blot analysis this antibody can be used at a concentration of $0.1-0.2 \mu g/ml$. Used in conjunction with compatible secondary reagents the detection limit for recombinant mFGF-9 is $1.5-3.0 \mu g/l$ number either reducing or non-reducing conditions.

Reactivity: Mouse
Host: Rabbit
Clonality: Polyclonal

Immunogen: Highly pure (>98%) recombinant mFGF-9.

Specificity: Recognises Fibroblast Growth Factor 9 (FGF-9).

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.2 without preservatives.

Label: Biotin

State: Lyophilized purified Ig fraction.

Label: conjugated

Reconstitution Method: Restore in sterile PBS containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration

of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Purification: Affinity chromatography.

Conjugation: Biotin





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Storage: Store the antibody prior to reconstitution at -20°C. Following reconstitution the antibody can

be stored at 2-8°C for one month or at -20°C for longer.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Stability: Shelf life: One year from despatch.

Gene Name: fibroblast growth factor 9

Database Link: Entrez Gene 14180 Mouse

P54130

Background: FGF9 is a heparin binding growth factor, which is a member of the FGF family of proteins. FGF

family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in a

variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth,

morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth and invasion. FGF9 is produced mainly by neurons and may have a role in glial cell growth and differentiation during development; gliosis during repair and regeneration of brain tissue after damage, differentiation and

survival of neuronal cells, and growth stimulation of glial tumors.

Synonyms: Glia-activating factor, GAF, Fibroblast growth factor 9, HBGF9

Note: Centrifuge vial prior to opening!