

Product datasheet for PH325202

p21 Ras (HRAS) (NM_001130442) Human Mass Spec Standard

Product data:

Product Type:	Mass Spec Standards
Description:	HRAS MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP_001123914)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	RC225202
Predicted MW:	21.1 kDa
Protein Sequence:	>RC225202 representing NM_001130442 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s) MTEYKLVVVGAGGVGKSALTIQLIQNHFVDEYDPTIEDSYRKQVVIDGETCLLDILDITAGQEEYSAMRDQ YMRTGEGFLCVFAINNTKSFEDIHQYREQIKRVKDSDDVPMVLVGNKCDLAARTVESRQAQDLVRSYGIP YIETSAKTRQGVEDAFYTLVREIRQHKLRKLNPPDESGPGCMSCKCVLS TRTRPLEQKLI SEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Labeling Method:	Labeled with [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₄]-L-Arginine and [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₂]-L-Lysine
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3
Storage:	Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Stability:	Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	NP_001123914
RefSeq ORF:	567
Synonyms:	C-BAS/HAS; C-H-RAS; C-HA-RAS1; CTLO; H-RASIDX; HAMS; HRAS1; p21ras; RASH1
Locus ID:	3265
UniProt ID:	P01112 , X5D945
Cytogenetics:	11p15.5



[View online »](#)

Summary:

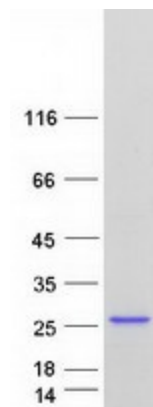
This gene belongs to the Ras oncogene family, whose members are related to the transforming genes of mammalian sarcoma retroviruses. The products encoded by these genes function in signal transduction pathways. These proteins can bind GTP and GDP, and they have intrinsic GTPase activity. This protein undergoes a continuous cycle of de- and re-palmitoylation, which regulates its rapid exchange between the plasma membrane and the Golgi apparatus. Mutations in this gene cause Costello syndrome, a disease characterized by increased growth at the prenatal stage, growth deficiency at the postnatal stage, predisposition to tumor formation, cognitive disability, skin and musculoskeletal abnormalities, distinctive facial appearance and cardiovascular abnormalities. Defects in this gene are implicated in a variety of cancers, including bladder cancer, follicular thyroid cancer, and oral squamous cell carcinoma. Multiple transcript variants, which encode different isoforms, have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways:

Acute myeloid leukemia, Axon guidance, B cell receptor signaling pathway, Bladder cancer, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Endocytosis, Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, GnRH signaling pathway, Insulin signaling pathway, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanogenesis, Melanoma, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Thyroid cancer, Tight junction, VEGF signaling pathway

Product images:

Coomassie blue staining of purified HRAS protein (Cat# [TP325202]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with HRAS cDNA clone (Cat# [RC225202]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).