

# **Product datasheet for PH319822**

# OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### DYNLL1 (NM 001037494) Human Mass Spec Standard

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Mass Spec Standards

**Description:** DYNLL1 MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP\_001032583)

Species: Human **HEK293 Expression Host:** 

**Expression cDNA Clone** or AA Sequence:

RC219822

Predicted MW: 10.2 kDa

>RC219822 representing NM\_001037494 **Protein Sequence:** 

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MCDRKAVIKNADMSEEMQQDSVECATQALEKYNIEKDIAAHIKKEFDKKYNPTWHCIVGRNFGSYVTHET

KHFIYFYLGQVAILLFKSG

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Labeling Method:** Labeled with [U-13C6, 15N4]-L-Arginine and [U-13C6, 15N2]-L-Lysine

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3

Storage: Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions. Stability:

NP 001032583 RefSeq:

RefSeg Size: 820 RefSeq ORF: 267

Synonyms: DLC1; DLC8; DNCL1; DNCLC1; hdlc1; LC8; LC8a; PIN

Locus ID: 8655

**UniProt ID:** P63167, Q6FGH9

Cytogenetics: 12q24.31

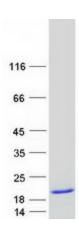




#### **Summary:**

Cytoplasmic dyneins are large enzyme complexes with a molecular mass of about 1,200 kD. They contain two force-producing heads formed primarily from dynein heavy chains, and stalks linking the heads to a basal domain, which contains a varying number of accessory intermediate chains. The complex is involved in intracellular transport and motility. The protein described in this record is a light chain and exists as part of this complex but also physically interacts with and inhibits the activity of neuronal nitric oxide synthase. Binding of this protein destabilizes the neuronal nitric oxide synthase dimer, a conformation necessary for activity, and it may regulate numerous biologic processes through its effects on nitric oxide synthase activity. Alternate transcriptional splice variants have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

## **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified DYNLL1 protein (Cat# [TP319822]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with DYNLL1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC219822]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).