

Product datasheet for PH316188

Shugoshin (SGO1) (NM_001012413) Human Mass Spec Standard

Product data:

Product Type:	Mass Spec Standards
Description:	SGOL1 MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP_001012413)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	RC216188
Predicted MW:	29.3 kDa
Protein Sequence:	>RC216188 representing NM_001012413 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s) MAKERCLKKSFDQSLIEDIKKRMKEKRNKNLAEIGKRRSFAAPCQIITNTSTLLKKNYQDNNKMLVLALEN EKSKVKEAQDIILQLRKECYLLTCQLYALKGKLTQQTVPEPAQNQEICSSGMDPNSSDDSSRNLFVKDLPO IPLEETELPGQGESFQIEATPPETQQSPHLSLKDITNVSLLYPVVKIRRLSLSPKKNKASPAVALPKRRCT ASVNYKEPTLASKLRRGDPFTDLCFLNSPIFKQKKDLRRSKKSMKQIQ TRTRPLEQKLI SEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Labeling Method:	Labeled with [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₄]-L-Arginine and [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₂]-L-Lysine
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3
Storage:	Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Stability:	Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	NP_001012413
RefSeq Size:	1149
RefSeq ORF:	774
Synonyms:	CAID; NY-BR-85; SGO; SGOL1
Locus ID:	151648
UniProt ID:	Q5FBB7



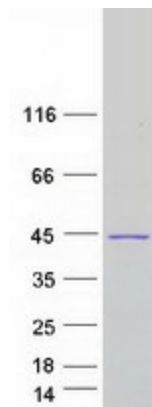
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Cytogenetics: 3p24.3

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the shugoshin family of proteins. This protein is thought to protect centromeric cohesin from cleavage during mitotic prophase by preventing phosphorylation of a cohesin subunit. Reduced expression of this gene leads to the premature loss of centromeric cohesion, mis-segregation of sister chromatids, and mitotic arrest. Evidence suggests that this protein also protects a small subset of cohesin found along the length of the chromosome arms during mitotic prophase. An isoform lacking exon 6 has been shown to play a role in the cohesion of centrioles (PMID: 16582621 and PMID:18331714). Mutations in this gene have been associated with Chronic Atrial and Intestinal Dysrhythmia (CAID) syndrome, characterized by the co-occurrence of Sick Sinus Syndrome (SSS) and Chronic Intestinal Pseudo-obstruction (CIPO) within the first four decades of life (PMID:25282101). Fibroblast cells from CAID patients exhibited both increased cell proliferation and higher rates of senescence. Pseudogenes of this gene have been found on chromosomes 1 and 7. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2015]

Protein Pathways: Oocyte meiosis

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified SGO1 protein (Cat# [TP316188]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with SGO1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC216188]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).