

Product datasheet for PH309514

UBQLN4 (NM_020131) Human Mass Spec Standard

Product data:

Product Type:	Mass Spec Standards
Description:	UBQLN4 MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP_064516)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	RC209514
Predicted MW:	63.7 kDa
Protein Sequence:	>RC209514 representing NM_020131 Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MAEPSGAETRPPIRVTVKTPKDKEEIVICDRASVKEFKEEISRRFKAQQDQLVLIFAGKILKDGDTLNQH
 GIKDGLTVHLVIKTPQKAQDPAAATASSPSTPDASAPSTTPASATPAQPSTSGSASSDAGSGSRRSSG
 GGPSPGAGEGSPSATASILSGFGGILGLGSLGLGSANFMELQQQMQRQLMSNPEMLSQIMENPLVQDMMS
 NPDLMRHMIMANPQMQLMERNPEISHMLNNEPMLRQTMELARNPAMMQEMMRNQDRALSNLESIPGGYN
 ALRRMYTDIQEPMFSAAREQFGNNPFSSLAGNSDSSSSQPLRTENREPLPNPWSPSPPTSQAPGSGGEGT
 GSGSTSQVHTVSNPFGINAASLGSGMFNSPEMQALLQIENPQLMQNVISAPYMRSMQTLAQNPDFA
 AQMMVNVPLFAGNPQLQEQLRLQLPVFLQQMQNPESLSILTNPAMQALLQIQQLQLTQTEAPGLVPSL
 GSFGISRTPAPSAGSNAGSTPEAPTSSPATPATSSPTGASSAQQQLMQQMIQLLAGSGNSQVQTPEVRFQ
 QQLEQLNSMGFINREANLQALITAGGDINAAIERLLGSQS

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Labeling Method:	Labeled with [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₄]-L-Arginine and [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₂]-L-Lysine
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3
Storage:	Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Stability:	Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	NP_064516
RefSeq Size:	3545
RefSeq ORF:	1802


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Synonyms: A1U; A1Up; C1orf6; CIP75; UBIN

Locus ID: 56893

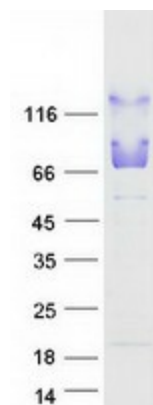
UniProt ID: [Q9NRR5](#)

Cytogenetics: 1q22

Summary: Regulator of protein degradation that mediates the proteasomal targeting of misfolded, mislocalized or accumulated proteins (PubMed:15280365, PubMed:27113755, PubMed:29666234, PubMed:30612738). Acts by binding polyubiquitin chains of target proteins via its UBA domain and by interacting with subunits of the proteasome via its ubiquitin-like domain (PubMed:15280365, PubMed:27113755, PubMed:30612738). Key regulator of DNA repair that represses homologous recombination repair: in response to DNA damage, recruited to sites of DNA damage following phosphorylation by ATM and acts by binding and removing ubiquitinated MRE11 from damaged chromatin, leading to MRE11 degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:30612738). MRE11 degradation prevents homologous recombination repair, redirecting double-strand break repair toward non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) (PubMed:30612738). Specifically recognizes and binds mislocalized transmembrane-containing proteins and targets them to proteasomal degradation (PubMed:27113755). Collaborates with DESI1/POST in the export of ubiquitinated proteins from the nucleus to the cytoplasm (PubMed:29666234). Also plays a role in the regulation of the proteasomal degradation of non-ubiquitinated GJA1 (By similarity). Acts as an adapter protein that recruits UBQLN1 to the autophagy machinery (PubMed:23459205). Mediates the association of UBQLN1 with autophagosomes and the autophagy-related protein LC3 (MAP1LC3A/B/C) and may assist in the maturation of autophagosomes to autolysosomes by mediating autophagosome-lysosome fusion (PubMed:23459205).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified UBQLN4 protein (Cat# [TP309514]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with UBQLN4 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC209514]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).