

# **Product datasheet for PH303149**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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### ATP6V1C1 (NM 001695) Human Mass Spec Standard

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Mass Spec Standards

**Description:** ATP6V1C1 MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP 001686)

Species: Human **HEK293 Expression Host:** 

**Expression cDNA Clone** 

or AA Sequence:

RC203149

Predicted MW: 43.9 kDa

>RC203149 protein sequence **Protein Sequence:** 

Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTEFWLISAPGEKTCOOTWEKLHAATSKNNNLAVTSKFNIPDLKVGTLDVLVGLSDELAKLDAFVEGVVK KVAQYMADVLEDSKDKVQENLLANGVDLVTYITRFQWDMAKYPIKQSLKNISEIIAKGVTQIDNDLKSRA SAYNNLKGNLQNLERKNAGSLLTRSLAEIVKKDDFVLDSEYLVTLLVVVPKLNHNDWIKQYETLAEMVVP RSSNVLSEDQDSYLCNVTLFRKAVDDFRHKARENKFIVRDFQYNEEEMKADKEEMNRLSTDKKKQFGPLV RWLKVNFSEAFIAWIHVKALRVFVESVLRYGLPVNFQAMLLQPNKKTLKKLREVLHELYKHLDSSAAAII

DAPMDIPGLNLSQQEYYPYVYYKIDCNLLEFK

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method **Concentration:** 

**Labeling Method:** Labeled with [U-13C6, 15N4]-L-Arginine and [U-13C6, 15N2]-L-Lysine

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3

Storage: Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Stability: Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.

RefSeq: NP 001686

RefSeg Size: 5704 RefSeq ORF: 1146

Synonyms: ATP6C; ATP6D; VATC; Vma5

Locus ID: 528



#### ATP6V1C1 (NM\_001695) Human Mass Spec Standard - PH303149

UniProt ID: <u>P21283</u>, <u>A0A024R9I0</u>

Cytogenetics: 8q22.3

Summary: This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that

mediates acidification of intracellular compartments of eukaryotic cells. V-ATPase dependent

acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen

activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-

ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene is one of two genes that encode the V1 domain C subunit proteins and is found ubiquitously. This C subunit is analogous but not homologous to gamma subunit of F-ATPases. Previously,

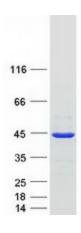
this gene was designated ATP6D. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative

phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

### **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATP6V1C1 protein (Cat# [TP303149]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATP6V1C1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC203149]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).