

Product datasheet for PH301784

QARS1 (NM_005051) Human Mass Spec Standard

Product data:

Product Type:	Mass Spec Standards
Description:	QARS MS Standard C13 and N15-labeled recombinant protein (NP_005042)
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	RC201784
Predicted MW:	87.8 kDa
Protein Sequence:	>RC201784 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAALDSLFTSLGLSEQKARETLKNSALSAQLREAATQAQQTGIDKATGILLYGLASRLRDRRRLS
FLVSYIASKKIHTPEQLSAALEYVRSHPLDPIIDTVDFERECGIVVTPEQIEEAIVEAAINRHRPQLLVE
RYHFNMGLLMGEARAVLKWADGKMIKNEVDMQVLHLLGPKLEADLEKKFKVAKARLEETDRRTAKDVVEN
GETADQTLSLMEQLRGEALKFHKPGENYKTPGYVVTPTMNLKQHLEITGGQVTRFRPPEPNGILHIGH
AKAINFNFYAKANNGICFLRFDDTNPEKEEAKFFTAICDMVAWLGYTPYKVTYASDYFDQLYAWAVELI
RRGLAYVCHQRGEELKGHNTLPSPWRDRPMEESLLLFEAMRKGKFSEGEATLRMCLVMEDGKMDPVAYRV
KYTPHRTGDKWCYPTDYTHCLCDSIEHITHSLCTKEFQARRSSYFWLCNALDVYCPVQWEYGRNLH
YAVVSKRKILQLVATGAVRDWDDPRLFTLTALRRRGFPPEAINNFCARVGVTVTAQTTMPEHLLACVYRDV
LNDTAPRAMAVLESLRVIITNFPAAKSLDIQVNFPADETKGFHQVFPAPIVFIERTDFKEPEPGFKRL
AWGQPVGLRHTGYVIELQHVVKGPSGCVESLEVTCCRADAGEKPKAFIHVVSQPLMCEVRLYERLFQHKH
PEDPTEVPGGFLSDLNLASLHVDAALVDCSVALAKPDKFQFERLGYFSVDPDSSHQGLVFNRTVTLKE
DPGKV

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Labeling Method:	Labeled with [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₄]-L-Arginine and [U- ¹³ C ₆ , ¹⁵ N ₂]-L-Lysine
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3
Storage:	Store at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Stability:	Stable for 3 months from receipt of products under proper storage and handling conditions.
RefSeq:	NP_005042



[View online >](#)

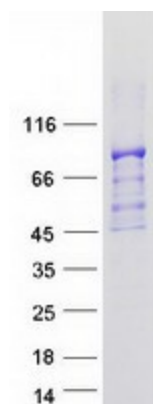
RefSeq Size:	2843
RefSeq ORF:	2325
Synonyms:	GLNRS; MSCCA; PRO2195; QARS
Locus ID:	5859
UniProt ID:	P47897 , B7Z840
Cytogenetics:	3p21.31

Summary: Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases catalyze the aminoacylation of tRNA by their cognate amino acid. Because of their central role in linking amino acids with nucleotide triplets contained in tRNAs, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases are thought to be among the first proteins that appeared in evolution. In metazoans, 9 aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases specific for glutamine (gln), glutamic acid (glu), and 7 other amino acids are associated within a multienzyme complex. Although present in eukaryotes, glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase (QARS) is absent from many prokaryotes, mitochondria, and chloroplasts, in which Gln-tRNA(Gln) is formed by transamidation of the misacylated Glu-tRNA(Gln). Glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase belongs to the class-I aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase family. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2013]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Aminoacyl-tRNA biosynthesis, Metabolic pathways

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified QARS protein (Cat# [TP301784]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with QARS cDNA clone (Cat# [RC201784]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).