

Product datasheet for MR228834

Akt1s1 (NM_001253920) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Akt1s1 (NM_001253920) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	Akt1s1
Synonyms:	1110012J22Rik; A1227026; Lobe; Lobel; PRAS40
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Neomycin
Vector:	pCMV6-Entry (PS100001)
E. coli Selection:	Kanamycin (25 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	>MR228834 ORF sequence Red=Cloning site Blue=ORF Green=Tags(s)

TTTTGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGGCCGGAATTCGTCGACTGGATCCGGTACCGAGGAGATCTGCC
GCC**CGATCGCC**

ATGGCGTCTGGGCGCCAGAGGAAGTGTGGGAAGCCGTCGTGGGGCCGCCGAGCGCTTTCAGGCCCGCA
CTGGCACAGAGCTGGTATTACTGACTGCAGCGCCACCGCCGCCCGCCCTGGACCCTGTGCCTATGC
CGCCCATGGCCGCGGAGCCCTGGCAGAGGCGGCCGACGCTGCCTCCACGACATCGCACAGGCGCACAGG
GCTGCCACTGCCACCCGACCTCCTGGTCCCCACCAGCACACAGCCGCCAGCCCTGCTCCTAGTCCAC
CACCTCGGCCAGCCCTGGCCAGGAGGATGAGGAGGAAGATGAGGACGAGCCACTGAAACAGAGACATC
TGGGGAGCGGCTGGGCGGTAGCGATAATGGAGGTCTTTCATGATGGATGAGGATGCCACCTCCAGGAC
CTGCCCCCTTCTGCGAGTCAGACCCGGAGAGCACAGACGACGGCAGCCTGAGCGAGGAGACGCCCGCCG
GTCCCACAGCCTGTCCCAGCCCCGGCCACAGCCCTGCCTACCCAGCAGTATGCCAAGTCTCTGCCCGT
GTGGTGGCCAGTGTGGCCTTCAAGGAGAAGAGGACAGAAGCCCGATCGTCAGATGAGGAGAATGGCCCG
CCCTCCTCGCCGACCTAGACCGAATAGCGGCCAGCATGCGCGCGCTGGTGTGCGGGAGGCTGAGGACA
CCAGGTCTTCGGGGATCTTCGCGGCCGCGGCTCAATACCAGCGACTCCAGAAGCTGAAGCGAAATA
T

ACGCGTACGCGGCCGCTCGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGGCAGCAAATGATATCCTGGATT
ACAAGGATGACGACGATAAGGTTTAA



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Protein Sequence: >MR228834 protein sequence
Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MASGRPEELWEAVVGAERFQARTGTELVLLTAAPPPPPRPGPCAYAAHGRGALAEARRCLHDIAQHR
 AATATRPPGPPPAPQPPSPAPSPPPR PALAREDEEDEDEPTETETSGERLGGSDNGGLFMMDEDATLQD
 LPPFCESDPESTDGSLSEETPAGPTACQPATLPTQQYAKSLPVSVPVWAFKEKRTEARSSDEENG
 PSSPDLDRIAASMRALVLREAEDTQVFGDLPRRLNTSDFQKLKRKY

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Restriction Sites: Sgfl-MluI

Cloning Scheme:

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

ACCN: NM_001253920

ORF Size: 774 bp

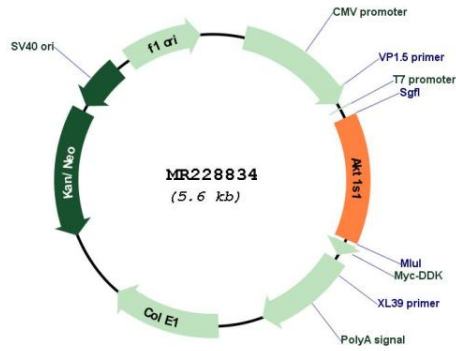
OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. [More info](#)

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components: The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	<u>NM_001253920.1</u> , <u>NP_001240849.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	1775 bp
RefSeq ORF:	774 bp
Locus ID:	67605
UniProt ID:	<u>Q9D1F4</u>
Cytogenetics:	7 B3
MW:	27.5 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>Subunit of mTORC1, which regulates cell growth and survival in response to nutrient and hormonal signals. mTORC1 is activated in response to growth factors or amino acids. Growth factor-stimulated mTORC1 activation involves a AKT1-mediated phosphorylation of TSC1-TSC2, which leads to the activation of the RHEB GTPase that potently activates the protein kinase activity of mTORC1. Amino acid-signaling to mTORC1 requires its relocalization to the lysosomes mediated by the Ragulator complex and the Rag GTPases. Activated mTORC1 up-regulates protein synthesis by phosphorylating key regulators of mRNA translation and ribosome synthesis. mTORC1 phosphorylates EIF4EBP1 and releases it from inhibiting the elongation initiation factor 4E (eiF4E). mTORC1 phosphorylates and activates S6K1 at 'Thr-389', which then promotes protein synthesis by phosphorylating PDCD4 and targeting it for degradation. Within mTORC1, AKT1S1 negatively regulates mTOR activity in a manner that is dependent on its phosphorylation state and binding to 14-3-3. Inhibits RHEB-GTP-dependent mTORC1 activation. Substrate for AKT1 phosphorylation, but can also be activated by AKT1-independent mechanisms. May also play a role in nerve growth factor-mediated neuroprotection.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]</p>

Product images:



Circular map for MR228834