

## **Product datasheet for MR227554L4V**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **Gdnf (NM\_010275) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Gdnf (NM 010275) Mouse Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Gdnf

Synonyms: Al385739; ATF

Mammalian Cell

Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_010275

ORF Size: 723 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(MR227554).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 010275.2

RefSeq Size: 4477 bp
RefSeq ORF: 723 bp
Locus ID: 14573

UniProt ID: P48540

Cytogenetics: 15 A1





## **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor-beta) superfamily of proteins. Ligands of this family bind various TGF-beta receptors leading to recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription factors that regulate gene expression. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate each subunit of the disulfide-linked homodimer. The recombinant form of this protein, a highly conserved neurotrophic factor, was shown to promote the survival and differentiation of dopaminergic neurons in culture, and was able to prevent apoptosis of motor neurons induced by axotomy. This protein is a ligand for the product of the RET (rearranged during transfection) protooncogene. Homozygous knockout mice for this gene exhibit defects in kidney development and neonatal death. This gene encodes multiple protein isoforms that may undergo similar proteolytic processing. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016]